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"""
CU Roll No.      :
CU Registration No. : xxxx
Description      : Monte Carlo Method (Estimation of Pi)
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"""

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import time

# store starting time
begin = time.time()

# Count points under circle and Total Points
n, N = 0, 100

# MC Step
for i in np.arange(N):

    x = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5) # Create (x,y) pair
    y = np.random.uniform(-0.5, 0.5)

    if(x**2 + y**2 <= 0.5**2): # Check whether inside circle
        n += 1
        plt.plot(x,y,'co', ms=4)
    else:
        plt.plot(x,y,'mx', ms=4)

    #plt.pause(0.01)

# Estimate Pi (pi/4 = n/N)
print ('Points within circle = ',n, ' Total Points = ',N, ' Pi = ', 4*float(n)/N)

# store starting time
end = time.time()

# total time taken
print("Total runtime of the program is ", round(abs(end-begin)))

plt.title('N = '+str(N)+'r', $\pi = '$'+str(4*float(n)/N), fontsize=14)
plt.grid()
plt.xlabel('X', fontsize=12); plt.xticks(fontsize = 12)
plt.ylabel('Y', fontsize=12); plt.yticks(fontsize = 12)
plt.show()

"""
Result:
Points within circle = 79      Total Points = 100      Pi = 3.16
Points within circle = 776    Total Points = 1000    Pi = 3.104
Points within circle = 7825   Total Points = 10000   Pi = 3.13
Points within circle = 78707  Total Points = 100000  Pi = 3.14828
Points within circle = 784992 Total Points = 1000000  Pi = 3.139968
Points within circle = 7853966 Total Points = 10000000  Pi = 3.1415864
"""

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